Hacking in the Automotive Industry





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Agenda

- State of the world
- Why Now?
- Security Rules of the Road
- Questions



State of the World



Rising Information Security Risks: Data Breaches

- In total, Almost 1 Billion Records compromised in 2014 worldwide – up 81% from 2013.
 - 2013 approximately 552 Million
 - 2012 approximately 93 Million
- July 2014: JP Morgan Chase, 76M accounts
- March 2014: Ebay, 145M accounts
- December 2013: Target, 70M accounts
- September 2013: Adobe, 152M accounts
- Neiman Marcus, Home Depot, Jimmy John's restaurants, Dairy Queen, K-Mart.



Rising Information Security Risks: Denial of Services

- February 2014: Cloudflare, the largest DDOS attack in history, lasting over 10 hours and peaking at 400 Gbps, slowing the Internet in parts of Europe
- The average DDOS costs \$100,000 every hour



Rising Information Security Risks: Intellectual Property

- May 2014, US Charged 5 Chinese Military hackers with 31 counts of Cyber-espionage against US corporations:
 - Westinghouse, SolarWorld, U.S. Steel, Allegheny Technologies, Alcoa to name a few.
- Some estimates \$200-250B annually in US, up to \$538B/year globally.
 - Estimated to cost 200,000 jobs in the US alone.
- Companies likely to underestimate the loss, underestimate the risks.
- Most intellectual property breaches are not publicized.

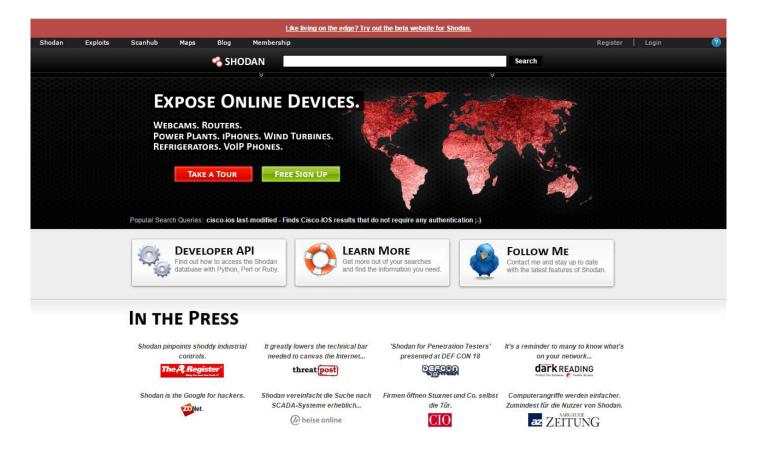


Rising Information Security Risks: Significant Costs

- Total cost to global economy: \$400B
 (approximately 15-20% of the revenue due to the Internet lost).
- Average cost of a breach in the US: \$5.85M
- Cost for each record compromised: \$201



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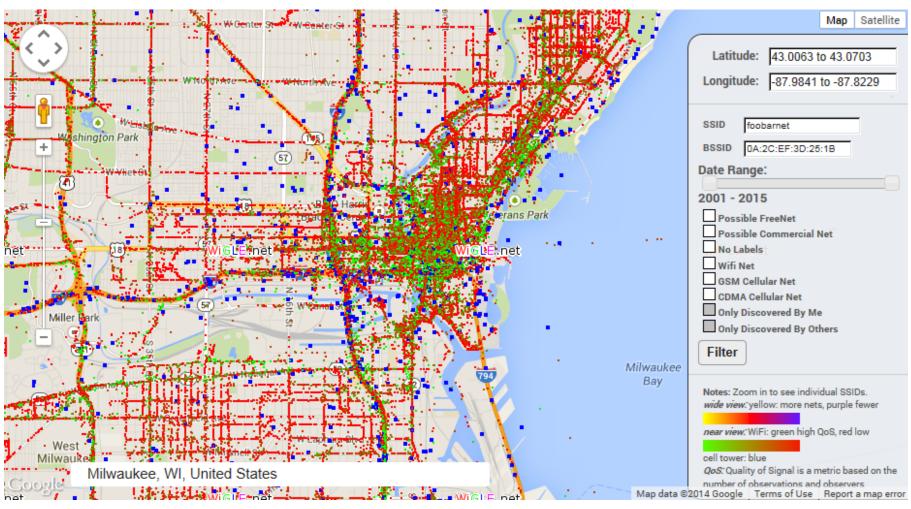


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Why Now?

Big Data/Telematics

Connectivity/Internet of Things/Connected nature of cars

Automotive and related System Complexity

Interconnectivity With Car Makers, Dealerships, Vendors, Business Partners, and Other Third Parties



Common Security Myths

- Myth #1: "It's all about the data"
 - It's also about security of systems
 - It's also about security of data
- Myth #2: "It's all about confidentiality"
 - It's about CIA: Confidentiality, Integrity, and Availability

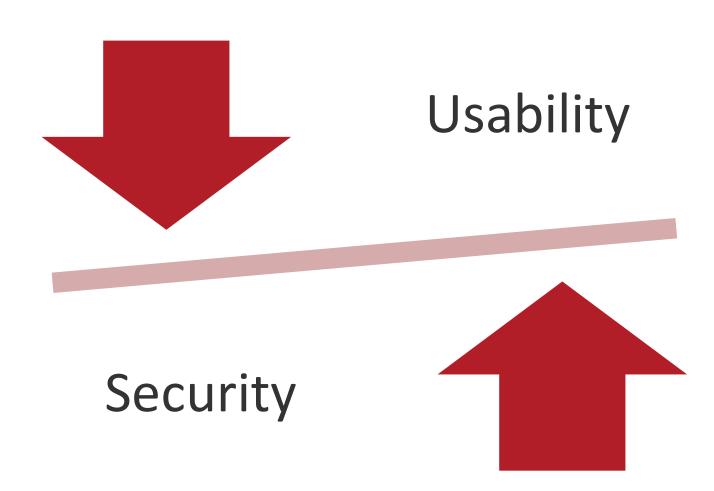


Common Security Myths

- Myth #3: "To be a hacker, you must be a technology genius"
- Myth #4: "It's an IT Department issue"
- Myth #5: "I can achieve (need) 100% security"
 - Impossible to budget or use



Impossible to Use





The Biggest Myth of All

- Myth #6: "I'm safe. I have great security."
 - Thousands of new viruses and exploits developed every <u>day</u>.
 - Imperva/Technion-Israel Institute of Technology
 Study: initial threat detection (zero day) only 5%.
 - Verizon Study: 62% of intrusions took at least two months to detect.
 - Trustwave Holding Study: Average time to detect intrusion is 210 days.



Sources of Risk



Sources Of Risk

- Malicious "insiders"
- Script kiddies
- Hackers
- Spies (industrial, governmental, etc.)
- Organized crime
- Cyber Terrorists
- Hactivists



Sources Of Risk

- Your laptop manufacturer
- Disk drive manufacturer
- Google/Microsoft/Apple/Yahoo/Amazon
- Smartphone Apps



Social Engineering

- No technical skill required
- Phishing/Spear Phishing
 - In 2013, nearly 450,000 phishing attacks and estimated losses of over \$5.9 billion
 - Leverage social media and corporate bio information to create targeted attacks
 - Large enterprises have a 1 in 2.3 chance of being targeted
 - Executives/management are common targets



Security Rules of the Road

- Auto ISAC (Information Sharing and Analysis Center)
- Inform yourself regarding information security, including security plans and policies.
- Require formation of information security committee to oversee day-to-day security compliance efforts.

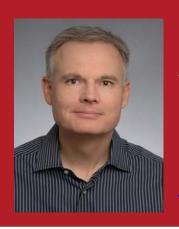


Security Rules of the Road

- Require the committee to issue regular reports threats and mitigation strategies.
- Prioritize security efforts and exercise prudence in allocating resources.
- Ensure security is addressed with critical suppliers and vendors.

Questions

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